

Poverty alleviation and women refugees in the Middle East: empowerment through grassroots micro-entrepreneurship? 2019

We explored if and how, Arab refugee women create sustainable community based solutions to poverty alleviation in their host nations of Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey. We used mixed methods to collect data from both stakeholders and Iragi, Palestinian and Syrian refugee women living in Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey as follows:



Stakeholder Focus Group Discussions in Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey:

January 2017

Individual Interviews with 150 Iraqi, Palestinian and Syrian refugee women in Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey:

April - July 2017

Follow up Stakeholder Focus Group Discussions in Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey:

September 2017

Follow Up Survey with 150 Iragi, Palestinian and Syrian refugee women in Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey: April - July 2018

ENTERPRISES

THE ARAB REFUGEE WOMEN'S

sample operated within typically feminised

At the start of the data collection in April

2017, only 12.1% of the overall sample

reported that their businesses were registered. However, a year later, this had grown to

17.3%. Overall, 34.2% of participants in

Turkey had registered businesses, 15% in

Jordan, and 2.5% in Lebanon. Despite this,

57.8% of all participants believed they did **not** have the right to register their business-

es because they are refugees. As such, the

majority of enterprises within this study were

operating with the informal economy of their

Without exception, all 125 enterprises within our

sectors such as baking, catering and food

production, traditional crafts, tailoring, embroidery, cosmetics and hairdressing.

PROJECT FUNDER





Research jointly supported by the ESRC and DFID

Dr Haya Al-Dajani: Principal Investigator

Professor Susan Marlow: Co-Investigator

PROJECT TEAM



مركـــــــز المعلومـــــات والبحــــــوث NFORMATION AND RESEARCH CENTER

The University or Nottingham

معهد عصام فارس للسياسات العامة والشؤون الدولية لل

Haydn Green Institute for Innovation and Entrepreneurship



JORDAN





Iude Sajdi Rand Abu Taleb

Dr Aida Essaid

Jeannine Levers

Dr Nasser Yassin

Yara Mourad

Maysa Baroud Widyan Al Shaar

Madison Rose

Hakan Demirbuken

LEBANON

TURKEY

host nation.

"We were threatened and my brother was kidnapped, and beaten up. We used to come to Jordan on holidays because we like the atmosphere. It's a difficult thing to leave all your possessions, house and even your money and property and leave your home with only a bag in your hand. We were threatened with a gun shots and they mentioned four daughter's] name, that she would be kidnapped if we didn't leave the country within 48 hours We wondered how are we going to reach Jordan? ... But God destined safety for us.

"When I decided to come to Lebanon, there was no hesitation. I had a main goal in mind because war happened in my own house. Bullets fell on my bed then the balcony. The balcony was gone. All signs of life were gone. Electricity was cut off, I did not have any water. When the [conflict] events first started, they started near my house ... I used to see dead bodies of young men all over the place ... There was a butcher in the area, [during the explosions] all his lambs flew everywhere. Imagine getting a piece of meat right on your balcony. I started screaming. I became hysterical ... I thought it was dooms day or an earthquake. You feel that the world has come to an end ... There were a lot of stories that affected me. You hold a piece of flesh in your hand. You see an arm or an eye or a leg. I started crying, I had a reaction.

"We got smuggled here with my kids ... It was very difficult. We suffered ... We suffered. When rockets started falling in our neighbourhood and everywhere, we were afraid. I was not afraid of death, but I was afraid to lose one of my children. That was the only thing that controlled us. We had to come here. It was not our choice; we had nowhere else to go. The situation was bad even in the suburbs of There was no stability ... For a year rockets were falling on our houses. It was the worst time ever. At the end we were very scared to lose the children and to stay alive. That thought stayed in my head. It doesn't matter, if we die, we die together. But the idea of my husband and children to die in front of me was the thing that pushed me. From the moment I left Aleppo for Turkey I cried for a year, daily. Because life is tough here and no one has mercy on you or your feelings'